

Saint-Petersburg, Russia, 199034 Tel./fax: +7 812 327-21-11, +7 812 331-87-36 E-mail: mars@mars-energo.com



Calmar-S

Measurement and generation of:

- Direct voltage, V:
- Direct current, mA:
- Pulses with repetition frequency, $Hz: 0 \div 22500$.

0.2; 5; 10

5;20

Field of Application

Portable Design: CALMAR-SP

On-site testing of energy meter and process control systems



Instrument transducers under test with standardized signals

999999

Desktop Design: CALMAR-SL

A stand-alone testing instrument or test system component for laboratory applications

MTS ME 3.1KM

1	1		
	1.		
Amount	1	1.	:
and to de		34	542
	1.		
-			
and and the	1	0	0
- Current	j.	Ø	0
		Ø	2
11		_	_

Testing and calibration of:

Electric energy meters

and instrument-class

trancducers.

Energoforma 3.3



Energomonitor 3.1KM

1 Calibrator

1.1 Generates DC voltage, DC current and frequency signals according to a user-specified model.

Ranges of output signals:

- DC voltage U_{out} : -10.5...+10.5 V
- DC current I_{out} : -24...+24 mA

• Pulse repetition frequency F_{out} : 0...22 500 Hz. The signals are used to test and calibrate instrument trancducers, thermocouple converters and other electrical measurement devices with standard DC current and voltage outputs.



2 Measurement functions

2.1 DC voltage measurement.

Voltage and frequency measuring transducers with standard outputs (0...0.3 V, 0...7.5 V, 0...15 V, -7.5...7.5 V, and -15...15 V) can be calibrated in this mode.

2.2 DC current measurement.

The mode provides for calibration of instruments maesuring DC current within 0...30 mA range.

3 Comparator

3.1 Determines measurement errors of electric energy meters by the comparison method.

Frequencies on the reference meter and meter-under-test outputs are compared considering constants of the meters*. *Pulse repetition range:* from 0.001 to 100 000 Hz; *Pulse amplitude range*: 3 to 15 V; *Ratio of frequencies*: 0.000001 to 1.0.

* Meter constant represents the relation between the amount of energy measured by the meter and the number of pulses on its pulse output (pulses/kW \cdot h).

3.2 Determines measurement errors of Electrical Power Transducers (EPT) with standard DC voltage outputs rated at 0.2 V, 5 V, 10 V.

The measurement error is determined by converting an output current (or voltage) signal of the transducer under test into the frequency signal , which is then compared with the frequency signal taken from the reference meter (e.g., Energomonitor 3.1KM) considering their pulse/energy ratios.

3.3 Determines measurement errors of Electrical Power Transducers (EPT) with standard DC current outputs rated at 5 mA, 20 mA.









Specifications

Measured or generated parameters	Ranges	Limits of intrinsic measurement error or error of output setting			Notes		
		CALMAR-S-0.5	CALMAR-S-0.2	CALMAR-S-0.1			
Measurement error: reducial (ΔX/Xn, %)							
Input DC voltage $U_{\rm in}$, V	$0 \dots \pm 1.5 U_n$	+0 0E	±0.02	±0.01	$U_{\rm n}$ = 0.2; 5; 10		
Input DC current I _{in} , mA	$0 \dots \pm 1.5 I_n$	±0.05			$I_{\rm n}$ = 5; 20		
Error of output setting: absolute (ΔX)							
Output DC voltage $U_{\rm out}$, V	0 ±10.5	±5.2 mV	±2.1 mV	±1.0 mV			
Output DC current I _{out} , mA	0 ±24	±0.012	±0.0047	±0.0024			
Pulse repetition frequency on the pulse input F_{in} , Hz	0 22 500	$\pm (0.1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-5} F_{in})$		Amplitude 3 to 15 V			
Pulse repetition frequency (proportional to an analogue signal being converted) on the pulse output $F_{\rm p.out}$, Hz	0 6000				Amplitude 4 to 5.5 V		
Pulse repetition frequency (related to generation of frequency signals) on the pulse output $F_{\rm out}$, Hz	0 22 500 in 1.0 steps	$\pm 3 \cdot 10^{-5} F_{\rm out}$		Amplitude 4 to 5.5 V			

CALMAR-S – Key Component of the Test System

